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Important Note to Parents and Teachers About Working with Students:

Essentials in Writing Level 1 is not designed so that Level 1 students can work independently. Students at this age require help to read the instructions for the activities and understand what they need to do to complete the activity. Parents and teachers should expect to work with the students through all Level 1 activities.

Important Note About Why the Font Changes in the Level 1 Activities:

Most of Essentials in Writing Level 1 is presented in Times New Roman font. Times New Roman is commonly used in many text situations, such as children's books and textbook instructions, so we want to familiarize students with the shapes of its letters.

However, when the activities ask the students to fill in a blank or rewrite a sentence, the activity is presented in Comic Sans MS font. The shape of Comic Sans MS letters better reflects the style in which Level 1 students will write.

CONTENT

Unit One: Grammar and Other Topics
All lessons within this unit teach students how to identify and apply parts of speech. Content is divided into two sections:

I. Parts of Speech
   A. Identify Parts of Speech
II. Tools for Effective Communication
   A. Apply Parts of Speech

Unit Two: Composition
In this unit, students explore several different types of compositions, focusing on the parts of compositions, the writing process, and applying effective writing tools.

Students write with Mr. Stephens in a step-by-step/modelled approach to composition. During the video lessons, Mr. Stephens teaches students information and techniques and models how to perform each step of the writing process for individual compositions. Students apply what they learn from the video lesson and information presented in the textbook.
**Step-by-Step/Model:** Through a step-by-step, repetitive process, students internalize the writing process and learn how to perform each step. Additionally, Mr. Stephens models the steps of each composition, showing students “how” to complete them.

**Immediate Application:** By focusing on each step of the writing process through short, modeled lessons with immediate application, students apply what they learn immediately without becoming overwhelmed by other steps and/or forgetting previous steps. This method increases retention.

**ASSESSMENTS**
A separate Resource/Assessment Booklet is available for purchase. The booklet contains:
- 14 assessments
- 2 comprehensive unit assessments
- A personal spelling dictionary
- Additional organizers

**ACTIVITIES AND ICONS**
In Unit One, students learn to identify and apply the parts of speech.

**Identify** activities help students learn to identify parts of speech in written language.

**Apply** activities help students identify and apply parts of speech that are tools to aid in effectively communicating with written language. This provides students with tools they will use when writing in Unit Two.

Progression of identify and apply activities within each practice session:
1. Students identify parts of speech in sentences.
2. Students apply what they have learned through fill-in-the-blank activities.
3. Students identify parts of speech in written compositions.
4. Students apply what they have learned through fill-in-the-blank and written composition activities as well as writing sentences.

**Grammar Section Toolbox** – In Unit One, the toolbox will be present on all “apply” activities. The toolbox serves as a reminder to students that the skills practiced on the page are tools to help them communicate effectively in writing. In Unit Two, the toolbox reminds students when revising compositions to use their writing “tools” to improve communication.
Extra Practice – After all steps of each composition have been completed and parents or teachers have completed the checklist, students have the opportunity to practice writing another composition of the same type. They read the prompt on the “Extra Practice” page and, just as before, watch each video lesson before completing each step of the writing process for the new composition. When organizing thoughts, students may draw graphic organizers on notebook paper or use additional organizers provided in the Assessment/Resource Booklet.

SCORING COMPOSITIONS

Scoring written compositions can be challenging due to their subjective nature. Ultimately, I encourage you to do what works for you, your student, and/or your schooling situation. If you already use a method to score written compositions, stick with it. Along the way, try new methods.

If you use the checklists provided, focus primarily on completion and conversation. Use the checklist as a guide to discuss how effective or ineffective the composition is as a whole and strengths and weaknesses evident in the composition.

There are several different ways to utilize the checklist and hold discussions:

1. Student completes the checklist before turning in the assignment. The teacher spot-checks a few items and asks the student to point to different items on the checklist evident in the composition and explain why the item was checked.

   Teacher: “I see you marked that your narrative contains transitions. Show me your transitions.” - Student points to the transitions.

2. Teacher checks each item and assigns a grade. This works well when time is limited. Assign a letter grade based the overall composition using the sample composition provided in the key as a guide. Discuss one or more areas that may or may not include suggestions or requested revision.

   After completing the checklist, the teacher might say and ask something like:
   “I noticed that you only used one body sentence in your paragraph. I think you can share more details about your topic. What do you think you could add so that you can share more details about your topic?”
3. **Assign a completion grade.** Use the checklist as a guide to make sure the assignment is complete. Assign any letter grade based on the fact that the student followed each step of the writing process and the composition contains all parts indicated in the checklist.

This option works well when time is limited and the teacher and student want to move on to the next composition.

**HOW TO USE**

1. **View the video lesson.**
2. **Read the text for today’s lesson.**
3. **Complete the assignment.**
4. **Verbally describe today’s lesson and preview the next lesson.**

**How long should my student spend on one lesson?**
Depending on the topic and the student, there are many different variables to consider in such a question. Typically, a good rule to follow is this: do not complete the worksheets/assignment sheets unless the student understands the concepts presented in the video lesson. Students may need to watch the video more than once. After an understanding of the new concept is evident, students will complete the activity.

**Textbook/Workbook Format**
Video lessons and textbook/workbook lessons correspond by title and number.

Lesson numbers indicate individual days unless the calendar icon is shown. See example below. *(Please note numerical references are for examples only.)*

**Lesson 8 (no calendar shown because this lesson has only one written activity)**
1. Preview Lesson 8 in the textbook/workbook.
2. Watch Video Lesson 8.
3. Complete Lesson 8 written work.
4. Explain what you learned and preview the next lesson (Lesson 9).

**Lesson 9 Day 1 (“Day 1” calendar shown because this lesson has more than one written activity)**
1. Preview Lesson 9 Day 1 in the textbook/workbook.
2. Watch Video Lesson 9.
3. Complete Lesson 9 written work for all days with Day 1 calendar icon present.
4. Explain what you learned and preview the next activity (Lesson 9 Day 2).

**Lesson 9 Day 2 (“Day 2” calendar shown because this lesson has more than one written activity)**
1. Preview Lesson 9 Day 2 in the textbook/workbook.
2. Watch Lesson 9 video again.
3. Complete Lesson 9 written work for all days with Day 2 calendar icon present.
4. Explain what you learned and preview the next activity (Lesson 9 Day 3).
Lesson 10 (no calendar shown because this lesson has only one written activity)
1. Preview Lesson 10 in the textbook/workbook.
2. Watch Video Lesson 10.
3. Complete Lesson 10 written work.
4. Explain what you learned and preview the next activity (Lesson 11 Day 1).

Answer Key
Because some activities require students to compose sentences, paragraphs, letters, and such, “NOTE: Below are sample answers. Answers may vary” precedes such sample compositions. The samples provided are simply for comparison and reference.

Note about Video Lesson for Lesson 28:
The video lesson for Lesson 28: Staying on Topic is the same video lesson as Lesson 27: Staying on Topic. The lesson was intentionally duplicated in order to allow the student to have more practice time with that skill.
LEVEL 1 SYLLABUS
VIDEO – 43 LESSONS
WORKBOOK – 163 PAGES

NOTE: Video lessons are indicated by ALL CAPS bold. Worksheets/assignment sheets are listed below each video lesson.

LESSON 1: INTRODUCTION TO WRITING
Lesson 1 – Introduction to Writing

LESSON 2: LETTERS, WORDS, AND SENTENCES
Lesson 2 Day 1 – Letters, Words, and Sentences
Lesson 2 Day 2 – Letters, Words, and Sentences
Lesson 2 Day 3 – Letters, Words, and Sentences

LESSON 3: SPACING WORDS IN SENTENCES
Lesson 3 Day 1 – Spacing Words in Sentences
Lesson 3 Day 2 – Spacing Words in Sentences
Lesson 3 Day 3 – Spacing Words in Sentences
Lesson 3 Day 4 – Spacing Words in Sentences
Lesson 3 Day 5 – Spacing Words in Sentences

LESSON 4: CAPITALIZING THE BEGINNING OF A SENTENCE
Lesson 4 Day 1 – Capitalizing the Beginning of a Sentence
Lesson 4 Day 2 – Capitalizing the Beginning of a Sentence
Lesson 4 Day 3 – Capitalizing the Beginning of a Sentence
Lesson 4 Day 4 – Capitalizing the Beginning of a Sentence
Lesson 4 Day 5 – Capitalizing the Beginning of a Sentence

*Assessment 1 (Lessons 2-4)

LESSON 5: SENTENCE SUBJECTS
Lesson 5 Day 1 – Sentence Subjects
Lesson 5 Day 2 – Sentence Subjects
Lesson 5 Day 3 – Sentence Subjects
Lesson 5 Day 4 – Sentence Subjects
Lesson 5 Day 5 – Sentence Subjects

LESSON 6: SENTENCE PREDICATES
Lesson 6 Day 1 – Sentence Predicates
Lesson 6 Day 2 – Sentence Predicates
Lesson 6 Day 3 – Sentence Predicates
Lesson 6 Day 4 – Sentence Predicates
Lesson 6 Day 5 – Sentence Predicates

*Assessment 2 (Lessons 5-6)

LESSON 7: COMPLETE SENTENCES
Lesson 7 Day 1 – Complete Sentences
Lesson 7 Day 2 – Complete Sentences
Lesson 7 Day 3 – Complete Sentences
Lesson 7 Day 4 – Complete Sentences
Lesson 7 Day 5 – Complete Sentences

LESSON 8: INCOMPLETE SENTENCES
Lesson 8 Day 1 –Incomplete Sentences
Lesson 8 Day 2 –Incomplete Sentences
Lesson 8 Day 3 –Incomplete Sentences
Lesson 8 Day 4 –Incomplete Sentences
Lesson 8 Day 5 –Incomplete Sentences

*Assessment 3 (Lessons 7-8)

LESSON 9: DECLARATIVE SENTENCES
Lesson 9 Day 1 – Declarative Sentences
Lesson 9 Day 2 – Declarative Sentences
Lesson 9 Day 3 – Declarative Sentences
Lesson 9 Day 4 – Declarative Sentences

LESSON 10: INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES
Lesson 10 Day 1 – Interrogative Sentences
Lesson 10 Day 2 – Interrogative Sentences
Lesson 10 Day 3 – Interrogative Sentences
Lesson 10 Day 4 – Interrogative Sentences

LESSON 11: EXCLAMATORY SENTENCES
Lesson 11 Day 1 – Exclamatory Sentences
Lesson 11 Day 2 – Exclamatory Sentences
Lesson 11 Day 3 – Exclamatory Sentences
Lesson 11 Day 4 – Exclamatory Sentences

LESSON 12: IMPERATIVE SENTENCES
Lesson 12 Day 1 – Imperative Sentences
Lesson 12 Day 2 – Imperative Sentences
Lesson 12 Day 3 – Imperative Sentences
Lesson 12 Day 4 – Imperative Sentences

*Assessment 4 (Lessons 9-12)

LESSON 13: PRACTICE WRITING SENTENCES
Lesson 13 Day 1 – Practice Writing Sentences
Lesson 13 Day 2 – Practice Writing Sentences
Lesson 13 Day 3 – Practice Writing Sentences
Lesson 13 Day 4 – Practice Writing Sentences

*Assessment 5 (Lesson 13)

LESSON 14: IDENTIFYING COMMON NOUNS
Lesson 14 Day 1 – Identifying Common Nouns
Lesson 14 Day 2 – Identifying Common Nouns
Lesson 14 Day 3 – Identifying Common Nouns
Lesson 14 Day 4 – Identifying Common Nouns
Lesson 14 Day 5 – Identifying Common Nouns

LESSON 15: CATEGORIZING COMMON NOUNS
Lesson 15 Day 1 – Categorizing Common Nouns
Lesson 15 Day 2 – Categorizing Common Nouns
Lesson 15 Day 3 – Categorizing Common Nouns
Lesson 15 Day 4 – Categorizing Common Nouns
Lesson 15 Day 5 – Categorizing Common Nouns

LESSON 16: PROPER NOUNS
Lesson 16 Day 1 – Proper Nouns
Lesson 16 Day 2 – Proper Nouns
Lesson 16 Day 3 – Proper Nouns
Lesson 16 Day 4 – Proper Nouns
Lesson 16 Day 5 – Proper Nouns

*Assessment 6 (Lessons 14-16)
LESSON 17: SINGULAR AND PLURAL NOUNS
Lesson 17 Day 1 – Singular and Plural Nouns
Lesson 17 Day 2 – Singular and Plural Nouns
Lesson 17 Day 3 – Singular and Plural Nouns
Lesson 17 Day 4 – Singular and Plural Nouns
Lesson 17 Day 5 – Singular and Plural Nouns
*Assessment 7 (Lesson 17)

LESSON 18: ADJECTIVES
Lesson 18 Day 1 – Adjectives
Lesson 18 Day 2 – Adjectives
Lesson 18 Day 3 – Adjectives
Lesson 18 Day 4 – Adjectives
Lesson 18 Day 5 – Adjectives
*Assessment 8 (Lesson 18)

LESSON 19: ACTION VERBS
Lesson 19 Day 1 – Action Verbs
Lesson 19 Day 2 – Action Verbs
Lesson 19 Day 3 – Action Verbs
Lesson 19 Day 4 – Action Verbs
Lesson 19 Day 5 – Action Verbs
*Assessment 9 (Lesson 19)

LESSON 20: NOUNS, ADJECTIVES, AND ACTION VERBS
Lesson 20 Day 1 – Nouns, Adjectives, and Action Verbs
Lesson 20 Day 2 – Nouns, Adjectives, and Action Verbs
Lesson 20 Day 3 – Nouns, Adjectives, and Action Verbs
*Assessment 10 (Lesson 20)

LESSON 21: ADJECTIVES IN ACTION
Lesson 21 Day 1 – Adjectives in Action
Lesson 21 Day 2 – Adjectives in Action
Lesson 21 Day 3 – Adjectives in Action
Lesson 21 Day 4 – Adjectives in Action
Lesson 21 Day 5 – Adjectives in Action

LESSON 22: LIST OF ITEMS
Lesson 22 Day 1 – List of Items
Lesson 22 Day 2 – List of Items

LESSON 23: PARTS OF A PARAGRAPH
Lesson 23 Day 1 – Parts of a Paragraph

LESSON 24: INDENT AND OPENING SENTENCE
Lesson 24 Day 1 – Indent and Opening Sentence

LESSON 25: BODY SENTENCES
Lesson 25 Day 1 – Body Sentences

LESSON 26: CLOSING SENTENCE
Lesson 26 Day 1 – Closing Sentence

LESSON 27: STAYING ON TOPIC
Lesson 27 Day 1 – Staying on Topic
Lesson 27 Day 2 – Staying on Topic
Lesson 27 Day 3 – Staying on Topic

LESSON 28: STAYING ON TOPIC
Lesson 28 Day 1 – Staying on Topic
Lesson 28 Day 2 – Staying on Topic
Lesson 28 Day 3 – Staying on Topic

LESSON 29: PARAGRAPH PRACTICE
Lesson 29 Day 1 – Paragraph Practice
Lesson 29 – Extra Practice

LESSON 30: PARAGRAPH PRACTICE
Lesson 30 Day 1 – Paragraph Practice
Lesson 30 – Extra Practice

LESSON 31: PARAGRAPH PRACTICE
Lesson 31 Day 1 – Paragraph Practice
Lesson 31 – Extra Practice
*Assessment 11 (Lessons 22-31)

LESSON 32: PERSONAL LETTER
Lesson 32 Day 1 – Parts of a Personal Letter
Lesson 32 Day 2 – Parts of a Personal Letter

LESSON 33: PERSONAL LETTER
Lesson 33 Day 1 – Writing the Date
Lesson 33 Day 2 – Writing the Date

LESSON 34: PERSONAL LETTER
Lesson 34 Day 1 – Writing a Personal Letter
Lesson 34 – Extra Practice
*Assessment 12 (Lessons 32-34)

LESSON 35 – PERSONAL NARRATIVE
Lesson 35 Day 1 – Chronological Order

LESSON 36: PERSONAL NARRATIVE
Lesson 36 Day 1 – Parts of a Personal Narrative
Lesson 36 Day 2 – Parts of a Personal Narrative

LESSON 37: PERSONAL NARRATIVE
Lesson 37 Day 1 – Organize

LESSON 38: PERSONAL NARRATIVE
Lesson 38 Day 1 – Write
Lesson 38 – Extra Practice
*Assessment 13 (Lessons 35-38)

LESSON 39: IMAGINATIVE NARRATIVE
Lesson 39 Day 1 – Chronological Order

LESSON 40: IMAGINATIVE NARRATIVE
Lesson 40 Day 1 – Parts of an Imaginative Narrative
Lesson 40 Day 2 – Parts of an Imaginative Narrative

LESSON 41: IMAGINATIVE NARRATIVE
Lesson 41 Day 1 – Organize

LESSON 42: IMAGINATIVE NARRATIVE
Lesson 42 Day 1 – Write
Lesson 42 – Extra Practice
*Assessment 14 (Lessons 39-42)

FINAL LESSON
Lesson 14 – Identifying Common Nouns

A **noun** is a person, place, or thing. Sentences often have more than one noun.

*The desk is by the wall.*

Underline all **nouns** in the sentences below.

1. The map helps the man.

2. Jam is yummy!

3. The cat sniffs.

4. The lambs trot.

5. Yams are nasty!


7. The dog sniffs.

8. Fish have fins.

9. The cab honked.

All sentences have at least one noun.
Lesson 15 – Categorizing Common Nouns

A *noun* is a person, place, or thing. Sentences often have more than one noun.

*The fox runs in the grass.*

**Fill in each blank with a noun.**

1. The ____________________________ went to class. *(Person)*

2. The ________________________________ is small. *(Thing)*

3. I went to the _______________________________. *(Place)*

4. The ______________________________ helps the boy. *(Person)*

5. The ram jumped on the ______________________________. *(Thing)*

6. Glenn went to the ______________________________. *(Place)*

7. The ________________________________ pets the kitten. *(Person)*

8. The ________________________________ drank milk. *(Thing)*
Lesson 14 – Identifying Common Nouns

A noun is a person, place, or thing. Sentences often have more than one noun.

\[ \text{The vet helped the dog.} \]

\[ \text{nouns} \]

Write sentences according to the instructions below. Underline all nouns in each sentence.

1. Write a sentence about a hat.

   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________

2. Write a sentence about a girl.

   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________

3. Write a sentence about a frog.

   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________

Don’t forget to reference and add to your personal Spelling Dictionary in the Assessment/Resource Booklet! This will help you spell words that you use often.
Lesson 21 – Adjectives in Action

An *adjective* describes a noun in a sentence. *Adjectives* are tools writers use to help readers see, smell, taste, hear, feel, and experience what is described.

*The fox dug a den. ➔ The **red** fox dug a den.*

lığın the blanks with *adjectives*.

1. The ________________ hut sagged.
2. A ________________ hog ran.
3. Anna sang a ________________ song.
4. Pat frosted a ____________________ cake.
5. The ______________________ boy jumped.
6. Beth is ______________________________.
7. The ______________________________ man danced.
8. The rat ran under the ____________________ rug.
9. Alex tells a _____________________________ tale.
10. Mel sat in the ___________________________ sun.

Adjectives give more information and make your writing more interesting.
Lesson 21 – Adjectives in Action

An *adjective* describes a noun in a sentence. *Adjectives* are tools writers use to help readers see, smell, taste, hear, feel, and experience what is described.

*The map helped.* → *The old map helped.*

**Fill in the blanks with adjectives.**

1. The _____________________________ pig wiggles.

2. Elle brushes her ____________________________ cat.

3. The ______________________________ man jumps.

4. The ______________________________ boy jogged.

5. Don left the _____________________________ cab.

**Rewrite the sentences below. Add at least one adjective to each sentence.**

1. The woman had lunch.

   ___________________________________

2. The kid finished the puzzle.

   ___________________________________

3. Max picks the bud.

   ___________________________________
Lesson 21 – Adjectives in Action

An adjective describes a noun in a sentence. Adjectives are tools writers use to help readers see, smell, taste, hear, feel, and experience what is described.

The boy wore pants.

The tall boy wore black pants.

Write sentences according to the instructions below. Use at least one descriptive adjective in each sentence and underline it.

1. Write a sentence about a car. What is the car like?

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

2. Write a sentence about a plum. What is the plum like?

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

3. Write a sentence about a dress. What is the dress like?

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

Don’t forget to reference and add to your personal Spelling Dictionary in the Assessment/Resource Booklet! This will help you spell words that you use often.
Lesson 24 – Indent and Opening Sentence

An **indent** is the space before the first sentence of a paragraph. To make an **indent**, put your finger on the left margin of your paper and start your first sentence to the right of your finger.

The **opening sentence** is the first sentence in your paragraph. It tells the reader what the paragraph will be about. To make an **opening sentence**, decide what the main idea of your paragraph will be.

Circle the best **opening sentence** for a paragraph about your house.

A. I ice skate in the winter.

B. I live in a cozy house.

C. Dogs are the best pets.

D. Jan sang a song.
Lesson 25 – Body Sentences

Body sentences are in the middle of a paragraph. This is where the writer talks about the topic.

Write a body sentence for the opening sentence below.
Kara has a jet.

The paragraph below is missing a body sentence. Write a body sentence in the blank that helps describe the topic.

Ross has a piglet. It is pink.

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

The pig has a pen. It is a cute piglet!
Lesson 26 – Closing Sentence

The closing sentence is the last sentence in a paragraph. *The closing sentence* comes after the body sentences. Like the opening sentence, it does not add details.

Circle the closing sentence that best fits the opening sentence: Gemma is a vet.

A. I have red hair.
B. She sings a song.
C. She helps pets.
D. What is your name?
Lesson 27 – Staying on Topic

For your reader to understand your paragraph, you must stay on topic. *Staying on topic* means that your paragraph will only include sentences that tell your reader about the topic.

I have a dog. His name is Max. Max does tricks. My sister likes cats. Max is a great dog!

Choose the sentence that does not belong in a paragraph about frogs.

A. Frogs are small animals.
B. They have long legs.
C. I have a dog in my yard.
D. They live in swamps.

Underline the sentence that does not belong in the paragraph below.

Fred lives on a hill. He sleds down the hill in the winter. His sister lives in Texas. He rolls down the hill in the summer. Fred likes living on a hill.
Lesson 32 – Personal Letter
Parts of a Personal Letter

A *personal letter* is a letter you write to family or friends.

Look at the *personal letter* below and read the labels that go with each part.

```
May 17, 2019

Dear Gwen,

I have a new puppy. He is fuzzy. My puppy wags his tail. He runs in the grass. I love my puppy!

Your friend,

Josh
```

A *personal letter* has five parts: **date**, **greeting**, **body**, **closing**, and **signature**.

- **The date** is where you write what day it is.
- **The greeting** goes on the left side. Write “Dear” and then the name of the person you are writing to. Write a comma after their name.
- **The body** of the letter is like a paragraph. You must indent, write an opening sentence, body sentences, and a closing sentence.
- **The closing** comes right after the body. Write a closing word like “Love” and add a comma behind it.
- **The signature** is where you write your name at the very end of the letter.
Lesson 33 – Personal Letter
Writing the Date

The *date* tells the reader the month, day, and year. The *date* is written at the beginning of a personal letter on the right side.

*December 23, 2018*

Write the correct dates on the lines provided below.
Remember to write the month, day, year, and a comma.

1. Today

2. Yesterday

3. Tomorrow

4. The date you were born

5. The date your mother was born

6. The first date in December this year

7. Thanksgiving last year
Lesson 34 – Personal Letter
Writing a Personal Letter

A *personal letter* is a letter you write to family or friends.

**Write a personal letter** to your friend telling him or her about what you did this weekend.

Don’t forget to reference and add to your personal *Spelling Dictionary* in the Assessment/Resource Booklet! This will help you spell words that you use often.
Lesson 34 – Personal Letter Checklist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mechanics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ I have spelled my words correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Each sentence begins with a capital letter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Each proper noun begins with a capital letter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Each sentence ends with an end mark.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ I have included all parts of a letter (checklist on next page).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Body Paragraph</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ Did you indent your body paragraph?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Does your body paragraph have an opening sentence?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Does your body paragraph have three or more body sentences?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Are all of your sentences on topic?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Does your body paragraph have a closing sentence?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Lesson 34 – Personal Letter Format Checklist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Is the date in the upper right hand side of the paper?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the month capitalized?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is there a comma between the day and the year?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Greeting</th>
<th>___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Is “Dear” is capitalized?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the person’s name is capitalized?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did you write a comma after the person’s name?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Body</th>
<th>___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Did you indent the first sentence?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Closing</th>
<th>___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Did you write the closing below the body, in the middle of the page?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did you capitalize the first word of the closing?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did you write a comma after the closing?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Is your signature lined up with the closing?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did you capitalize your signature?</td>
<td>___</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXTRA PRACTICE
Writing a Personal Letter

**Write a letter to your cousin (or another relative) telling them about a game you like to play.**

1. Write the **date** on the right side of your paper.

2. Write the **greeting** on the left side of your paper on the second line.

3. Write a **body** paragraph. Be sure to indent and stay on topic. Read your body paragraph to look for mistakes.

4. Create a **closing** after the body. Begin your closing in the middle of the next line.

5. End your letter with your **signature**. Write your name on the last line under the closing.